## MICRO LARGE CONNECTION

## CONNECT UP TO 24 INDOOR UNITS/150\% CAPACITY

FDC 224 KXZME1 22.4 kW three-phase
FDC 280 KXZME1 28.0 kW three-phase
FDC 335 KXZME1A 33.5 kW three-phase

## CHARACTERISTICS

- 1 DC Inverter compressors (8~12HP)
- High split: up to 510 m in total and with a maximum distance between the $0 . U$. and the furthest I.U. of 160 m



## OPERATING RANGE



* With length difference between the furthest indoor unit and the nearest one from the first branch pipe $<40 \mathrm{~m}$.


## VRF-T TECHNOLOGY

With VRF-T technology, refrigerant temperature control during the condensation and evaporation phases in the refrigerant system ensures energy savings up to $34 \%$ in cooling mode during the partial loads, compared to the traditional VRF models.

Traditional system
cooling operation


In a traditional system, the refrigerant target pressure to be maintained is constant. As soon as room temperature reaches the temperature set by the user, the compressor is forced to decrease and increase the rpm by on-off cycles that affect the overall efficiency and performance.

KXZ system cooling
operation with activation of VRF-T mod


With the new VRF-T, the refrigerant target pressure to be maintained is not constant, but adjusts proportionally to the difference between the room temperature and the desired temperature. This allows the Inverter compressors to modulate the rpm without ever stopping, thus expressing the maximum efficiency for a global energy saving operation.

## MICRO LARGE CONNECTION

## 8~12HP (22.4~33.5 kW)



REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

| HP |  | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liquid side | FurthestI.U.$=<90 \mathrm{~m}$ | 09.52 |  | 012.7 |
| Gas side |  | 019.05 | 022.22 | 025.4 |
| Liquid side | FurthestI.U.$\Rightarrow 90 \mathrm{~m}$ | 012.7 |  |  |
| Gas side |  | 022.22 |  |  |

BRANCH PIPES


| Models |  |  | FDC224KXZME1 | FDC280KXZME1 | FDC335KXZME1A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated power |  | HP | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| Nominal capacity ( $\mathrm{T}=35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Cooling | kW | 22.40 | 28.00 | 33.50 |
| Power consumption ( $\mathrm{T}=35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  | kW | 5.59 | 7.90 | 10.68 |
| Seasonal energy efficiency index |  | SEER1 | 6.55 | 6.03 | 5.84 |
| Rated energy efficiency coefficient |  | EER2 | 4.01 | 3.54 | 3.14 |
| Nominal capacity ( $\mathrm{T}=7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Heating | kW | 22.40 | 28.00 | 33.50 |
| Power consumption ( $\mathrm{T}=7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  | kW | 4.97 | 6.53 | 8.44 |
| Seasonal energy efficiency index |  | SCOP1 | 4.55 | 4.54 | 4.04 |
| Rated energy efficiency coefficient |  | COP2 | 4.51 | 4.29 | 3.97 |
| Electrical data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power |  | Ph-V-Hz | 3Ph-380~415V-50Hz |  |  |
| Rated current | Cooling | A | 9.40 | 12.80 | 17.80 |
| Rated current | Heating | A | 7.80 | 10.50 | 14.40 |
| Maximum current |  | A | 20.00 | 20.00 | 23.00 |
| Refrigerant circuit/features |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refrigerant (GWP)3 |  |  | R410A (2088) |  |  |
| Quantity refrigerant pre-load4 |  | kg | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| Tons of CO2 equivalent |  |  | 24.012 | 24.012 | 24.012 |
| Diameter refrigerant pipes | Liquid | inch (mm) | 03/8" ${ }^{\prime \prime}(9.52)$ | $03 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}(9.52)$ | $01 / 22^{\prime \prime}(12.7)$ |
|  | Gas |  | 03/4" 19.05 ) | $87 / 18^{\prime \prime}(22.22)$ | 81" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ (25.4) |
| Product Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions | LxHxD | mm | 1675x1080x480 | $1675 \times 1080 \times 480$ | 1675x1080x480 |
| Net weight |  | kg | 221 | 221 | 224 |
| Sound pressure level | Max | dB(A) | 59 | 60 | 62 |
| Sound power level | Max | dB(A) | 75 | 76 | 77 |
| Treated air volume | Standard | m3/h | 12000 | 12000 | 12000 |
| Fan static pressure | Max | Pa | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Max. connectable I.U. 5 | Min ~ Max | no | 1~22 | 1~24 | 1~24 |
|  | Capacity | \% | 50~150 | $50 \sim 150$ | $50 \sim 150$ |

1. EU Regulation No. 206/2012 - N. 2281/2016-Value measured according to the harmonised standard EN 14825.2 . Value measured according to the harmonised standard EN 14511.3 . Refrigerant leakage contributes to climate change. When released into the atmosphere, refrigerants with a lowe global warming potential (GWP) contribute less to global warming than those with a higher GWP. This appliance contains a refrigerant with a GWP of 2088. If 1 kg of this refrigerant fluid were released into the atmosphere, therefore, the impact on global warming would be 2088 times higher than kg of CO2, over a period of 100 years. Under no circumstances should the user try to intervene on the refrigerant circuit or disassemble the product. Always contact qualified personnel ifnecessary. 4. For the calculation of the additional refrigerant charge refer to the labels placed inside and outside the unit. 5 . When connecting indoor units oftype FDK, FDFL, FDFU or FDFW the upper limit tis always $130 \%$.
